

EST REPORT

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EVALUATION CENTER

Intertek Testing Services Ltd. 6225 Kenway Drive Mississauga, Ontario L5T 2L3

RENDERED TO

Sunview Patio Doors Limited 500 Zenway Blvd, Vaughan, Ontario L4H 0S7

> PRODUCT EVALUATED Hybrid Patio Door (DP80)

EVALUATION PROPERTY
Physical Tests

Report of Testing on a Hybrid Patio Door (DP80) conducted in accordance with the applicable test methods outlined in the following standard: AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11 "NAFS 2011 – North American Fenestration Standard/Specification for windows, doors, and skylights" and CSA A440S1-09, Canadian Supplement.

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2 Introduction

Intertek has conducted performance testing for Sunview Patio Door Limited on a Hybrid Patio Door (DP80).

The sliding door was submitted by the client to the Intertek laboratory in Mississauga, Ontario on November 5, 2014. Testing was conducted and evaluated in accordance with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11 "NAFS 2011 - North American Fenestration Standard/Specification for windows, doors and skylights" and CSA A440S1-09, Canadian Supplement". This evaluation began November 7, 2014 and was completed December 12, 2014.

Test results reported herein, also comply with the 2008 edition of the NAFS test standard, AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-08, "NAFS North American Fenestration Standard Specification for windows, doors, and skylights".

3 Summary

Manufacturer: • Sunview Patio Door Limited, 500 Zenway Blvd, Vaughan, Ontario, L4H 0S7

Type: • Sliding Door

Model: • Hybrid (DP80)

Primary • Class R - PG80- Size Tested: 1875 x 2040 mm - SD **Designator:**

Secondary Positive Design Pressure (DP) = +3840 Pa Designator: Negative Design Pressure (DP) = -3840 Pa Water Penetration Test Pressure = 610 Pa

Canadian Air Infiltration/Exfiltration Level =

Test Completed

December 12, 2014 Date:

(Refer to the information contained herein for complete test specimen description and detailed test report.)

4 Test Samples

4.1. SPECIMEN AND ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

Overall Size:

Width – 1875 mm

Height - 2040 mm

The tested size is the largest for which compliance is sought

Installation:

 The sliding door was fastened to the wood buck with fifteen #10x1-3/4" pan head screws.

<u>Jambs</u>: Four fasteners per jamb spaced approximately 595 mm apart. The fasteners were located in the interior track of the lock jamb and in the exterior track of the fixed jamb.

<u>Header:</u> Three fasteners; a pair at the mid-span, one in each track and one in the exterior track 90 mm from the lock jamb.

<u>Sill:</u> Four fasteners spaced approximately 595 mm apart. The fasteners were located in the exterior aluminum extrusion. A 1/4" thick aluminum angle fitted to the interior was fastened to the wood buck with eight #8x1-1/2" pan head screws, space approximately 235 mm apart.

The frame was sealed to the buck with silicone on the interior and exterior perimeter.

Frame:

- <u>Header</u>: Consists of an extruded aluminum section fitted onto a vinyl extrusion section. Three 52 x 25 x 13 mm plywood blocks, each fastened with one #8x1" flat head screw in the exterior track above the operable panel, spaced 330 mm apart and 70 mm from the lock jamb. A track cover was inserted in the header and silicone applied at the ends.
- <u>Jambs</u>: Consists of an extruded aluminum section fitted onto a vinyl extrusion section. A plastic bumper was fitted onto the Aluminum leg on the interior face along the entire length,
- <u>Sill:</u> Consists of an extruded aluminum section fitted onto a vinyl extrusion section. A stainless steel track was crimped over the innermost vinyl leg. An aluminum threshold was fitted onto the exterior sill channel and silicone applied at the ends.
- <u>Corners</u>: The header-to-jamb frame corners were butt-joined and fastened with four #8x3" pan head screws and one #8x3/4" self-drilling pan head screw per corner fastened into the screw ports. The jamb-to-sill frame corners were butt-joined and fastened with five #8x3" pan head screws and one #8x3/4" self-drilling pan head screw per corner fastened into the screw ports. The head-to-jamb and sill-to-jamb corners were sealed with a closed-cell polypropylene foam pad sandwiched between the members.

Part	Supplier	Section / Part Number
Head	Vision Extrusions	E107H01
Head Frame Exterior	Sapa	AS-65040
Jamb	Vision Extrusions	E107H02
Jamb Frame Exterior	Sapa	AS-65041
Sill	Vision Extrusions	E107H03
Sill Frame Exterior	Sapa	AS-65042
Threshold	Suniview	

Panel Sizes: • Stationary Panel Width – 945 mm

Height - 1954 mm

Operable Panel Width – 966 mm

Height – 1954 mm

Panels:

• Stationary Panel

<u>Top and Bottom Rails</u>: Consists of an extruded aluminum section fitted onto a vinyl extrusion section.

<u>Jamb and Interlock Stiles</u>: Consists of an extruded aluminum section fitted onto a vinyl extrusion section.

Operating Panel

<u>Top and Bottom Rails</u>: Consists of an extruded aluminum section fitted onto a vinyl extrusion section.

<u>Jamb and Interlock Stiles</u>: Consists of an extruded aluminum section fitted onto a vinyl extrusion section.

- <u>Corners:</u> Butt-joined and held with two #8x3" pan head screw per interlock stile
 corner per jamb stile corner screwed into the screw port. The inside at the
 corners of the panel were sealed with silicone. The exterior corner faces were
 also sealed with silicone.
- The stationary panel was retained to the corresponding jamb with six #8x1" flat head, spaced 370 mm apart. The fixed panel was also adhered to the jamb, header, and sill tracks with silicone along the entire lengths.

Part	Supplier	Part Number
Bottom Rail	Vision Extrusions	E107H04
Bottom Rail Exterior	Sapa	AS-65051
Top Rail	Vision Extrusions	E107H05
Top Rail Exterior	Sapa	AS-65048
Fixed Panel Sash	Vision Extrusions	E107H06
Fixed Rail Exterior	Sapa	AS-65036
Fixed Panel Interlock	Vision Extrusions	E107H07
Fixed Meeting Rail 20 DG/TG	Sapa	AS-65027
Operable Panel Sash	Vision Extrusions	E107H08
Pull Rail Extrusion	Sapa	AS-65056
Operable Panel Interlock	Vision Extrusions	E107H09
Operable Interlock W/S Insert	Vision Extrusions	E107H10
Operating Meeting Rail Ext.	Sapa	AS-65035

Reinforcement:

- Lock Stile: A 36 mm by 36 mm 16Ga aluminum stiffener was inserted into the stile cavity.
- <u>Operable Interlock:</u> Custom u-shaped 16Ga galvanized steel stiffener was inserted into the interlock cavity.

Part	Supplier	Part Number
Stile Reinforcement	Can Art	EH09440
Sash Interlock Reinforcement	Cargowall	PD1603

Locks and Hardware: •

- <u>Lockset</u>: Operable panel was fitted with a lock and keeper set affixed to the lock stile at the mid span. The inside pull handle was secured through the stile to an outside pull handle. The locks engaged a corresponding keeper affixed to the jamb using a butyl pad between the keeper and the jamb.
- <u>Rollers</u>: Two patio door rollers were affixed to the underside of the operating panel bottom rail.

Part	Supplier	Part Number	Fastening
Lock and Handle	Fasco	9700 Series SP24571857	two #10x3/4" flat head screws
Keeper	Fasco	9057257	two #10x1-3/4" pan head screws
Roller	Fasco	21000	one #8×1/2" pan head screw

Weather-stripping: • <u>Header:</u> Flexible vinyl weather-stripped in kerf of the exterior face

of the centre leg.

Finned pile weather-stripped in kerfs of the interior face of

the centre leg and innermost leg (0.350").

• <u>Sill:</u> Flexible vinyl weather-stripped in kerf of the exterior face

of the centre leg and spanned the length of the stationary

panel.

Finned pile weather-stripped in kerfs of the interior face of

the centre leg and innermost leg (0.350").

• Fixed Jamb: Flexible vinyl weather-stripped in kerf of the exterior face

of the centre leg.

Lock Jamb: Finned pile weather-stripped in kerfs of the centre leg and

innermost leg (0.350").

Operable Interlock: Finned pile weather-stripped in kerf of the exterior face

(0.350").

• Stationary Interlock: Finned pile weather-stripped in kerf of the exterior face

(0.210").

• <u>Storm Deflector:</u> Finned pile weather-stripped in kerfs of the interior and

exterior edge (0.210").

Part	Supplier	Part Number
Vinyl Weather-Strip	Vision Extrusion	3399
Finned Weather-Strip	Ultrafab	187-210
Finned Weather-Strip	Ultrafab	187-350

Dust Plugs:

 Two adhesive-backed pile dust plugs measuring 63 mm by 23 mm with a 15 mm pile height was adhered to the ends of the interlock stile (top and bottom) of the fixed panel facing the exterior.

Drainage:

Drains From	Drains To	Qty	Size	Location	Weepgate
Upper track of interior channel	Lower track of interior channel	Two holes	Ø 4.7 mm	Leg cut back 25.4 mm from sill ends	No
Lower track of interior channel	Centre leg cavity	Two slots	40 mm by 13 mm	Located 115 mm and 815 mm from lock jamb	No
Centre leg cavity	Exterior channel	Two slots	40 mm by 13 mm	Located 115 mm and 815 mm from lock jamb	PVC flaps
Exterior channel	Exterior	Two slots	26 mm by 7 mm	150 mm from each end	PVC flaps

Panel Glazing:

- The panels consisted of an IG unit fitted with a rubber glazing spline and subsequently channel-glazed into the aluminum panel members. The corners of the spline were partially cut and silicone was applied on the interior and exterior corner of the exposed glass.
- Factory sealed glazing unit having three sheets of nominally thick 4 mm tempered glass and foam/butyl spacer with two 11.1 mm gaps. Overall IG thickness was 33.6 mm.

Screen Size

Width – 965 mm
 Height – 1970 mm

Screen:

- <u>Frame</u>: Extruded aluminum screen members, each corner was held in by a #8x1" self-drilling pan head screw. A single plastic wheel roller assembly was inserted into each end of the stile and fastened with a #8x7/8" pan head screw located 95 mm from the end.
- Mesh: Fibreglass mesh retained by a plastic T-spline.
- <u>Lock</u>: A lock system was located in the jamb stile at mid height and secure with two #8x1/2" flat head screws. A corresponding keeper was installed on the lock jamb with two #8x1/2" pan head screws.
- <u>Installation</u>: The screen travelled on the upstanding leg of the aluminum screen track. The screen head is inserted into the frame header track.
- <u>Weather-strip</u>: Finned pile weather-stripped in kerfs of the interior face of the interlock stile (9/16").

Part	Supplier	Part Number
Screen Sash Top & Bottom	Can Art	EH-7582
Screen Lock Rail	Can Art	EH-7583
Screen Interlock	Can Art	EH-11582
Screen Lock and Keeper	Vision Extrusion	
Screen Interlock Weather- Strip		

Drawings:

- <u>Cross Sections:</u> Vision Extrusions Limited Drawing No.: X107C01, titled "Welded Sash/Welded Frame - Cross Sections", dated 06-08-2010
- Member Details: Vision Extrusions Limited Drawing No.:

Member	Drawing Originator	Die/Dwg/Part No.:	Rev	Date
Head	Vision Extrusions	E107H01	B1	03-05-2014
Head Frame Exterior	Sapa	AS-65040	Α	10/09/16
Jamb	Vision Extrusions	E107H02	A1	24-10-2013
Jamb Frame Exterior	Sapa	AS-65041	0	10/09/10
Sill	Vision Extrusions	E107H03	B1	03-05-2014
Sill Frame Exterior	Sapa	AS-65042	Α	10/09/16
Threshold	Sunview			Feb 12, 2015
Bottom Rail	Vision Extrusions	E107H04	B1	03-05-2014
Bottom Rail Exterior	Sapa	AS-65051	0	10/09/16
Top Rail	Vision Extrusions	E107H05	A1	23-10-2013
Top Rail Exterior	Sapa	AS-65048	0	10/09/24
Fixed Panel Sash	Vision Extrusions	E107H06	A1	23-10-2013
Fixed Rail Exterior	Sapa	AS-65036	0	10/09/20
Fixed Panel Interlock	Vision Extrusions	E107H07	A1	23-10-2013
Fixed Meeting Rail 20 DG/TG	Sapa	AS-65027	0	10/09/21
Operable Panel Sash	Vision Extrusions	E107H08	A1	23-10-2013
Pull Rail Extrusion	Sapa	AS-65056	0	10/09/20
Stile Reinforcement	Can Art	EH09440	1	10/09/97
Operable Panel Interlock	Vision Extrusions	E107H09	A1	23-10-2013
Operable Interlock W/S Insert	Vision Extrusions	E107H10	A1	23-10-2013
Operating Meeting Rail Ext.	Sapa	AS-65035	0	10/09/20
Sash Reinforcement	Cargowall	PD1603	2	17-AUG-2011
Interior Jamb Pocket Cover	Vision Extrusions	E107H11	A1	23-10-2013
#2920 Patio Door Gasket	Prasad Plastics	FH-3540	0	Nov 15/2012
Screen Sash Top & Bottom	Can Art	EH-7582		
Screen Lock Rail	Can Art	EH-7583		
Screen Interlock	Can Art	EH-11582		
Screen Interlock Weather-Strip	Vision Extrusion			
Screen Lock and Keeper	Vision Extrusion			
Bottom Rail Strut 20 mm	Tecknoform	829-003		
Handle	Fasco	9700 Series		
Single Point Latch	Fasco	SP24571857		
Keeper	Fasco	9057257		
Patio Door Roller	Fasco	21000		
Vinyl Weather-Strip	Vision Extrusion	3399		
Finned Weather-Strip	Ultrafab	187-210		
Finned Weather-Strip	Ultrafab	187-350		
Dust Pad				
Stainless Sill Track	Cargowall	26G		

5 Testing and Evaluation Methods

The sliding door (SD) system was tested to the R performance class requirements of AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11 which shows equivalency in test methods of AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-08.

The sliding door as described in this report was tested to the R Performance Class. The sliding door met the Gateway Performance Requirements by virtue of meeting the higher (optional) performance grades to which it was tested:

Minimum Gateway Test Size: 1800 mm x 2000 mm

Maximum Allowable Air Leakage: 1.5 L/s·m²
 Minimum Water Pressure: 140 Pa
 Minimum Design Pressure: 720 Pa
 Minimum Structural Pressure: 1080 Pa

The sliding door system was tested for compliance to the above test criteria in order to achieve the Gateway Performance Designation of Class R-PG15 / Class R-PG720. The sliding door system tested had an overall size of 1875 mm \times 2040 mm, which satisfied the minimum Gateway test size. Performance testing was conducted in order to meet the overall Optional Performance requirements as follows:

Optional Water Pressure:
Optional Design Pressure:
Optional Structural Test Pressure:
Canadian Air Infiltration/Exfiltration Level:

DEVIATION FROM THE TEST STANDARD

Testing was not initiated at the minimum Gateway grade levels for the R class of sliding doors. The sliding door system was tested to the Optional Performance Grades of AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11. By default, the minimum Gateway requirements were met by virtue of meeting the requirements at higher test levels.

5.1 OPERATING FORCE TEST

The Operating Force test was performed on the panel and latch in accordance with Clause 9.3.1 in conjunctions with ASTM E2068-00, "Standard Test Method for Determination of Operating Force of Sliding Windows and Doors."

The forces required to initiate motion of the operable panel from both the fully open and fully closed positions, as well as the force required to maintain motion to the opposite limits of travel, were measured. The forces required to open and close the latches were also recorded.

5.2 AIR LEAKAGE RESISTANCE TEST

With the door closed and latched, the Air Leakage Resistance test was performed in accordance with Clause 9.3.2 in conjunction with ASTM E283-04, "Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen."

Air infiltration and exfiltration tests were performed using test pressures of 75 Pa (1.57 psf). The air leakage rate was calculated and compared to the allowable air leakage.

5.3 WATER PENETRATION RESISTANCE TEST

With the door closed and latched, a four-cycle Water Penetration Resistance test was performed in accordance with Clause 9.3.3 in conjunction with ASTM E547-00 "Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Cyclic Static Air Pressure Difference."

The test was performed using the specified pressure differential and a water spray rate of at least 204 L/m² per hour (5.0 US gal/ft² per hour). Each cycle consisted of five minutes with the pressure applied and one minute with the pressure released, during which the water spray was continuously applied.

5.4 UNIFORM LOAD TESTS

5.4.1 Uniform Load Deflection Test

A Uniform Load Deflection test was conducted in accordance with Clause 9.3.4.2 and ASTM E330-02 "Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference," Procedure A. After a 10 second preload (50% of test load), followed by 1 minute with the pressure released, the Uniform Load Deflection test was conducted at the specified test pressures for a time of 10 seconds. The test was performed in both the positive and negative directions. Deflection measurement, including residual deflection, was taken at the mid-span and at both ends of the interlock. After the test loads were released, the sliding door was inspected for failure or permanent deformation of any part of the sliding door system that would cause any operational malfunction.

5.4.2 Uniform Load Structural Test

A Uniform Load Structural test was conducted in accordance with Clause 9.3.4.3 and ASTM E330-02 "Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference," Procedure A. After a 10 second preload (50% of test load), followed by 1 minute with the pressure released, the sample was subjected to a Uniform Load Structural test using a specified test pressure for a time of 10 seconds. The test was performed in both the positive and negative directions. After the test loads were released, the permanent deflections were recorded as well as the sliding door was inspected for failure or permanent deformation of any part of the sliding door system that would cause any operational malfunction.

5.5 FORCED-ENTRY RESISTANCE TEST

The Forced Entry Resistance Test was conducted and evaluated in accordance with Clause 9.3.5 in conjunction with ASTM F842-04 "Standard Test Methods for Measuring the Force Entry Resistance of Sliding Door Assemblies, Excluding Glass Impact".

5.5.1 Disassembly Test

Using the disassembly tools listed below, all members and/or fasteners that could readily be removed from the exterior within a time limit of five minutes were removed carefully so as not to cause collateral damage to the specimen.

- Putty knife 0.6 mm thick by 20 mm wide by 90 mm long $(0.024" \times 0.78" \times 3.5")$
- Philips or straight non-powered screwdrivers 150 mm (6") long
- Standard slot-type pliers 150 mm (6") long to 175 mm (7") long overall

5.5.2 Type A and Type D Sliding Door Assembly Tests

The specimen was tested to a Grade 10 performance level ($T_1 = 5$ minutes). All test loads were applied at a rate of 45 N/s (10 lbf/s) and held for a period of 60 seconds. The test loads used were as shown in the following table:

Grade 10 Loads				
Load ID	Load (N)	Load (lbf)		
L ₁	1334	300		
L_2	778	175		
L ₃	133	30		
L_4	222 plus panel weight	50 plus panel weight		

- Test A1 With the panel in the closed position, a concentrated load of L_1 was applied from the exterior to the jamb (lock) stile within 75 mm (3") of the lock in a direction parallel to the plane of the glazing in an opening direction, the load evenly distributed between the interior and exterior sides of the locking device so as to minimize rotation.
- Test A2 Test A1 was conducted in conjunction with a load of L_2 , applied at the jamb stile at the lock, in a direction perpendicular to the plane of glazing towards the interior side of the door.
- Test A3 Test A1 was conducted in conjunction with a load of L_2 , applied at the jamb stile at the lock, in a direction perpendicular to the plane of glazing towards the exterior side of the door.
- Test A4 Test A2 was conducted in conjunction with a lifting load of L₄, applied at the mid-span of the sill rail, in a direction parallel to the plane of glazing vertically lifting the panel to the uppermost limit within the confines of the frame.
- Test A3 was conducted in conjunction with a load of L₄, applied at the mid-span of the sill rail, in a direction parallel to the plane of glazing vertically lifting the panel to the uppermost limit within the confines of the frame.
- Test A6 (Inside Sliding Panel) Test A4 conducted in conjunction with a load of L₃, applied at the corner of the panel meeting stile at the sill rail, to the sill rail within 75 mm (3") of the corner, in a direction perpendicular to the plane of glazing towards the interior of the door.
- Test D1 A concentrated load of L_1 was applied to the fixed panel from the exterior to the jamb (lock) stile within 75 mm (3") of the lock in a direction parallel to the plane of the glazing in an opening direction.
- Test D2 Test D1 was conducted in conjunction with a load of L2, applied at the interlock stile, in a direction perpendicular to the plane of glazing towards the interior side of the door.
- Test D3 Test D2 was conducted in conjunction with a lifting load of L₄, applied at the mid-span of the sill rail, in a direction parallel to the plane of glazing vertically lifting the fixed panel to the uppermost limit within the confines of the frame.

5.5.3 Hardware Manipulation Test

Using the tools for hardware manipulation listed below, an attempt was made to gain entry by inserting each tool and tool combination so as to contact the locking device from the exterior. The lock manipulation test was conducted for a time of T_1 by one technician in a manner so as not to cause collateral damage to the specimen.

- Putty knife -0.6 mm thick by 20 mm wide by 90 mm long $(0.024" \times 0.78" \times 3.5")$
- Black annealed 16 ga. wire long enough to reach from point of insertion to locking device

5.5.4 Panel Manipulation Test

An attempt was made to open the door, lift, push, pull or otherwise manipulate by hand from the exterior, the panel to the full confines of the frame. The panel manipulation test was conducted for a time of T_1 .

5.6 DEGLAZING TEST

Deglazing test was conducted in accordance with Clause 9.3.6.3 in conjunction with ASTM E987 "Standard Test Methods for Deglazing Force of Fenestration Products," Test Method A. The test sample was supported, with the side to which manual force is normally applied to the operating panel facing upward, on two 2x4 wooden supports, located under the glazing within 25.4 mm (1") of each of the parallel panel members and of sufficient length to extend within 25.4 mm (1") of each perpendicular panel member. A mechanical stop was used at each corner, placed no more than 12.7 mm (0.5"), of the test sample to prevent movement when under load. The hydraulic ram was installed in such a way that it was perpendicular and so the contact shoe of the ram is within 12.7 mm (0.5") to the panel member being tested as well as making sure the centreline of the contact shoe corresponds to the centreline of the panel member. A deflection gauge was placed under the center of the panel and the glazing bite, the contact point of where the shoe ill make contact with the panel member, is marked. The test load is then applied for 30 seconds, making sure the time to apply the required load did not take more than 15 seconds. The deflection was recorded and the test load was released. The panel member that was under the test load was removed and the distance from the glazing bite to the edge of the glazing material, was measured and recorded.

5.7 THERMOPLASTIC CORNER WELD TEST

The sliding door frame and panels were not welded at the corners therefore this test is exempted from the requirements of the Thermoplastic Corner weld test.

5.8 INSECT SCREEN SERVICEABILITY TEST

The Insect Screen test was conducted and evaluated in accordance with Section 5.1 of CSA A440S1-09 *Canadian Supplement*. With the sliding door mounted in a test frame, a S1 force of 60 N (13.5 lbf) was applied to the insect screen (perpendicular to the plane of the screen and in an outward direction) through a 300 mm (12") diameter, rigid, circular platen centered on the insect screen, and held for a period of 60 seconds. After the test load was released, the screen was inspected for deformation or damage

6 Testing and Evaluation Results

6.1. OPERATING FORCE TEST

Operable Panel		Force applied to handle of sash
	Maximum measured force to initiate opening	108 N
	Maximum measured force to initiate closing	56 N
	Maximum measured force to maintain motion	36 N

Maximum allowable force to initiate motion:	135 N
Maximum allowable force to maintain motion	90 N

La	tch	Force applied to latch		
	Maximum measured force to operate latch:	9 N		
	Maximum allowable force required to open/close latch:	100 N		

The sliding door system **MET** the (Canada and US) performance requirements for Operating Force as specified in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11 for the R performance class.

6.2. AIR LEAKAGE RESISTANCE TEST

Air	Air Infiltration – 75 Pa						
	Total Sliding Door Area	3.83 m²					
	Infiltration rate:	0.3 L/s•m²					
Air	Air Exfiltration – 75 Pa						
	Total Sliding Door Area	3.83 m²					
	Exfiltration rate:	0.4 L/s•m²					
	Maximum allowable air leakage rate:	0.5 L/s•m²					

The sliding door system **MET** the performance level specified (as well as **A3** Canadian Infiltration/Exfiltration Levels) in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11 for Air Leakage Resistance.

6.3. WATER PENETRATION RESISTANCE TEST

During the 24-minute test period, using a pressure differential of 610 Pa with the screen installed, there was no water leakage observed, nor was there trapped water in the sliding door assembly following completion of the test.

During the 24-minute test period, using a pressure differential of 610 Pa with the screen removed, there was no water leakage observed, nor was there trapped water in the sliding door assembly following completion of the test.

The sliding door system **MET** the minimum Gateway Water Penetration Resistance requirement at 140 Pa, and the Optional Performance requirement for at 610 Pa as specified in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11 and CSA A440S1-09, *Canadian Supplement*.

UNIFORM LOAD TESTS 6.4.

Jniform Load Deflection Test							
Member	Interlock S	Stile					
Span Length	1900 mr	m					
Allowable Deflection	Report of	rt only					
Test Pressure	Positive Load	Negative Load					
	+3960 Pa	-3960 Pa					
Maximum Net Deflection	21.98 mm	23.84 mm					
Note	* Deflections were obtained at ±396	60 Pa instead of ±3840 Pa					
Post-test Details	After the test loads were released, the sliding door wa inspected and there was found to be no failure or permaner deformation of any part of the sliding door that would caus any operational malfunction.						

Uniform Load Structural Test							
	Member	Interlock S	Stile				
	Span Length	1900 mr	n				
	Allowable Deflection (0.4% × span) 7.60 mm						
	Test Pressure	Positive Load	Negative Load				
		+5760 Pa	-5760 Pa				
	Residual Net Deflection	0.90 mm	1.30 mm				
	Post-test Details	After the test loads were released, the sliding door inspected and there was found to be no failure or perma deformation of any part of the sliding door that would cany operational malfunction.					

The sliding door system MET the minimum Gateway Uniform Load Structural Test (150% of Design Pressure) performance requirements at 1080 Pa by virtue of meeting the Uniform Load Structural optional performance requirement at 5760 Pa as specified in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11.

6.5. FORCED ENTRY RESISTANCE TEST

The sliding door was installed into a wood test buck. The test unit was subjected to a Grade 10 measured performance for a Type A and Type D sliding door system in accordance with the procedure outlined in ASTM F842-04.

Disassembly Test	Within 5 minutes, nothing was removed from the sliding door and entry was not gained.		
Type A Sliding Door Assembly Tests	Test	Comments	
	A1	No entry	
	A2	No entry	
	A3	No entry	
	A4	No entry	
	A5	No entry	
	A6	No entry	
Type D Sliding Door Assembly Tests (fixed	D1	No entry	
Panel only)	D2	No entry	
	D3	No entry	
Hardware Manipulation Test	During time T1 entry was not gained.		
Panel Manipulation Test	During time T1 entry was not gained.		

The sliding door achieved met the **Grade 10** measured performance rating for Forced Entry Resistance for Type A and Type D sliding door as specified in ASTM F842-04.

6.6. DEGLAZING TEST

Panel Member	Load	Measured Deglazement	Maximum Allowable
Head Rail	230 N	0.60 mm	
Sill Rail	230 N	0.44 mm	90% of glazing bite
Interlock	320 N	3.98 mm	13.50 mm
Lock Stile	320 N	2.67 mm	

The panel members did not move from its original position, in relation to the glazing material, by more than 90% of the original glazing bite. There was no glazing breakage and the sliding door system was not damaged in any way that it would inhibit its normal operation.

The sliding door **MET** the Deglazing Test performance requirements specified in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11.

6.7. THERMOPLASTIC CORNER WELD TEST

The sliding door frame and panels were not welded at the corners, nor did they consist of thermoplastic material therefore this test exempted from the requirements of the Thermoplastic Corner weld test.

6.8. INSECT SCREEN SERVICEABILITY TEST

After the test load was released, the screen was inspected and showed no signs of failure or permanent deformation. The window system **PASSED** the performance requirements for Insect Screen Serviceability Test as specified in CSA A440S1-09.

Conclusion 7

The Hybrid Patio Door (DP80) described in this report and tested to the requirements in accordance with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-11 "NAFS 2011 North American Fenestration Standard/Specification for windows, doors, and skylights" and CSA A440S1-09, Canadian Supplement and achieved the following Performance Designations:

Primary Designator

Class R - PG80 - Size Tested: 1875 x 2040 mm - SD

Secondary Designator

Positive Design Pressure (DP) = +3840 Pa Negative Design Pressure (DP) = -3840 Pa Water Penetration Test Pressure = 610 Pa Canadian Air Infiltration/Exfiltration Level = A3

The sliding door also **MET** the requirements for Forced Entry Resistance (Grade 10).

Test results reported here in also comply with the 2008 edition of the NAFS test standard, AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-08, "NAFS North American Fenestration Standard/Specification for windows, doors, and skylights".

Tested by: Allan Lawrence

INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES NA LTD.

Reported by:

Allan Lawrence

Technical Analyst, Building Products

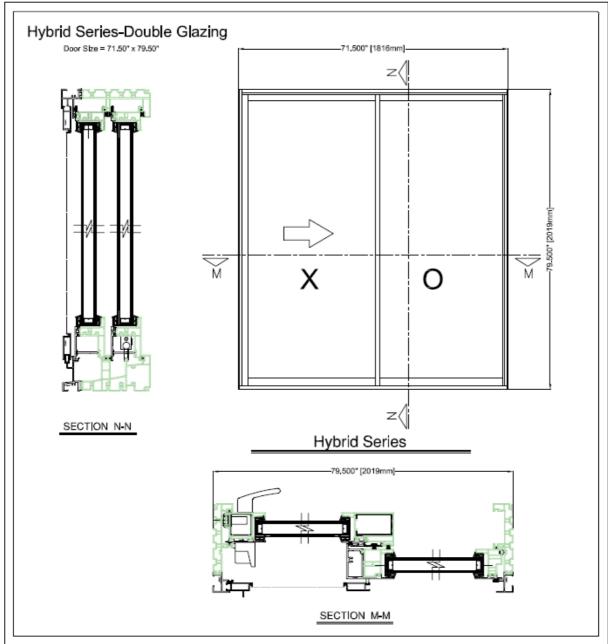
Reviewed by:

Claudio Sacilotto, P. Eng.

Senior Project Manager, Building Products

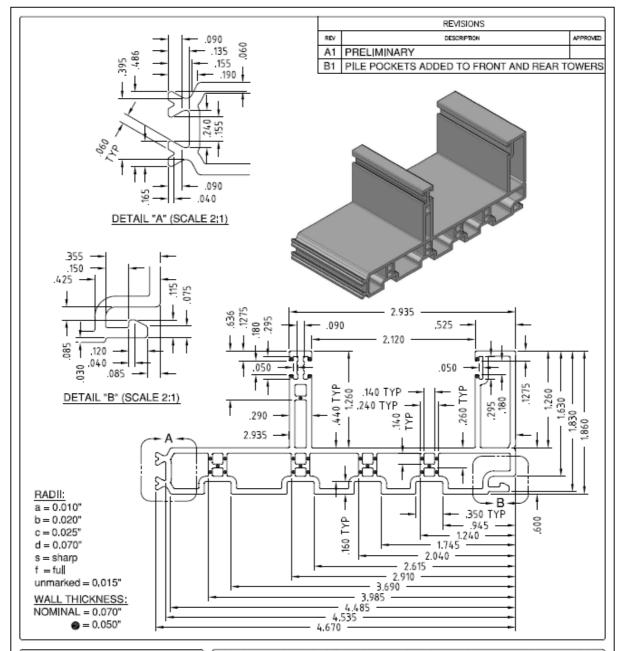
8 Appendix A: Drawings

(Drawings - 25 pages)



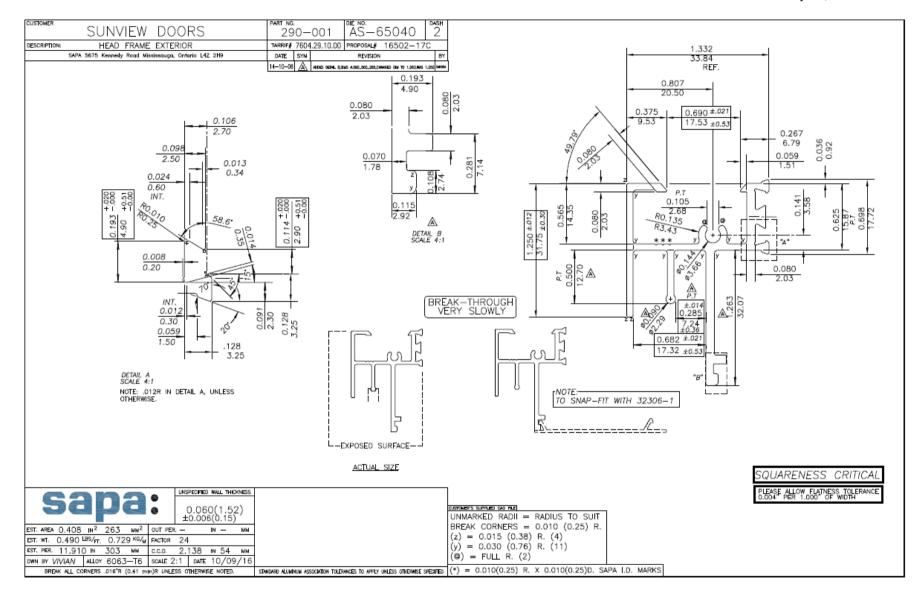


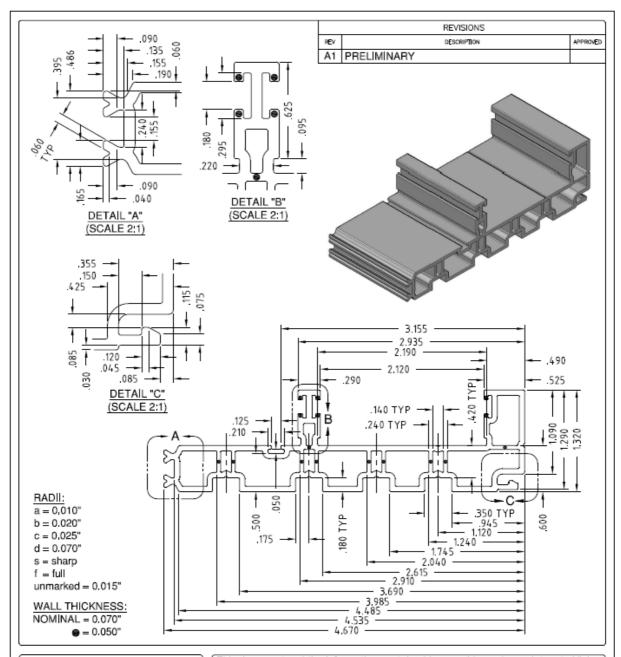
X.XX ± 0.0	_	USTOMER:						
X.XXX ± 0.0 X.XXXX ± 0 DO NOT SCALE ALL DEPRESES AND HIS	0.005 P	Hybrid Series-Cross Section						
SIZE:	COLOUR:		WATERIAL:	AREA: 2	TOOL NO.:	DATE		
SIZE	COL	OUR	MATERIAL	AREA 2	TOOL_NO	APRIL-19-2013		
SHEET:	DRAWN BY:		SCALE:	VOLUME:	PART NO.:	DWG NO.:		
of	DAW	000	SCALE	WEIGHT/FT	PART_NO.	S02		





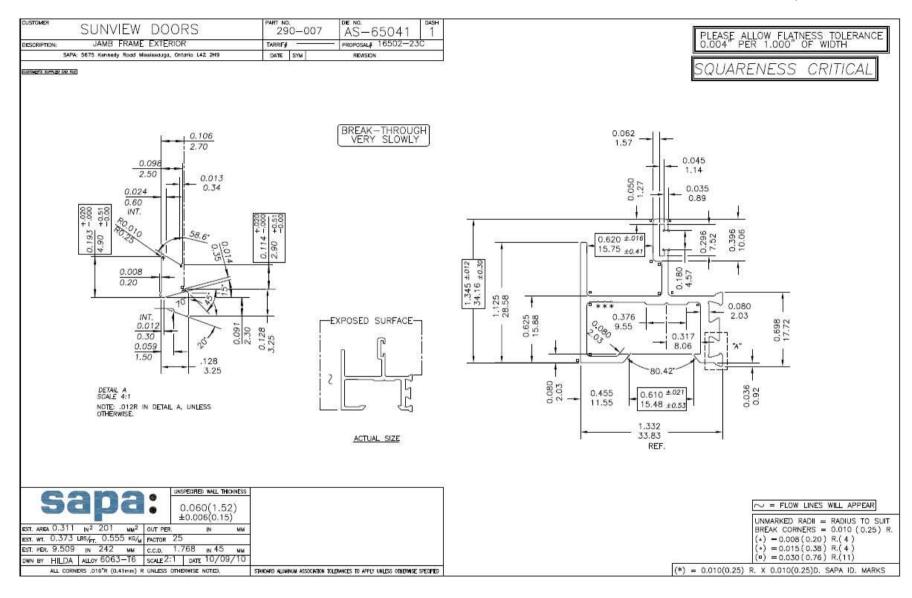
TOLERANCES CUSTOMER: X.XX ± 0.015 X.XXX ± 0.010		SU	INVIEW PAT	IO DOORS	
X.XXXX ± 0 DO NOT SCALE	.005 PART:	HYBRID PATIO DOOR - HEAD			
SUE:	COLOUR:	MATERIAL:	AREA: 2	TOOL NO.:	DATE:
"A"	VARIOUS	RIGID PVC	1.384 in	4549	03-05-2014
SHEETI	DRAWN BY:	SCALE	VOLUME:	PART NO.:	DWG NO.:
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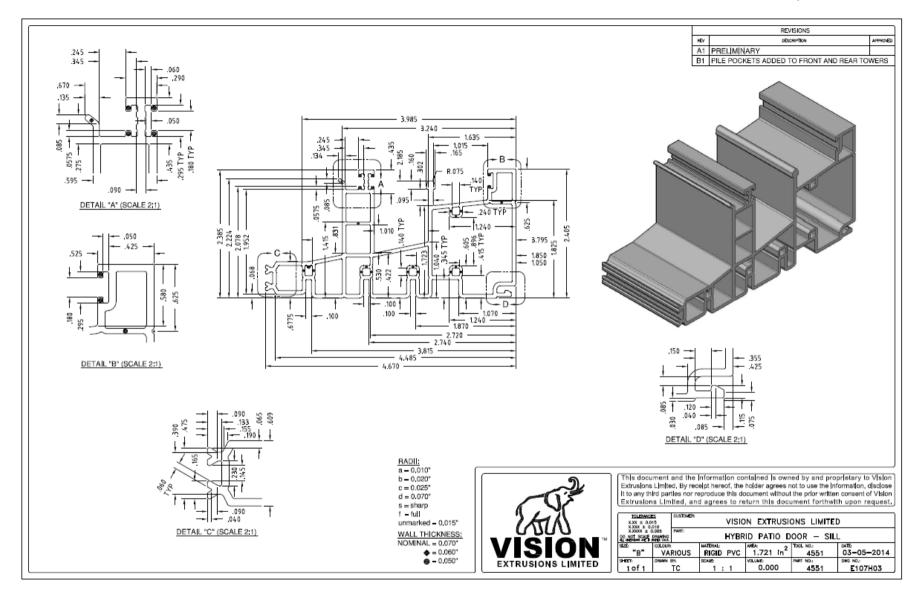


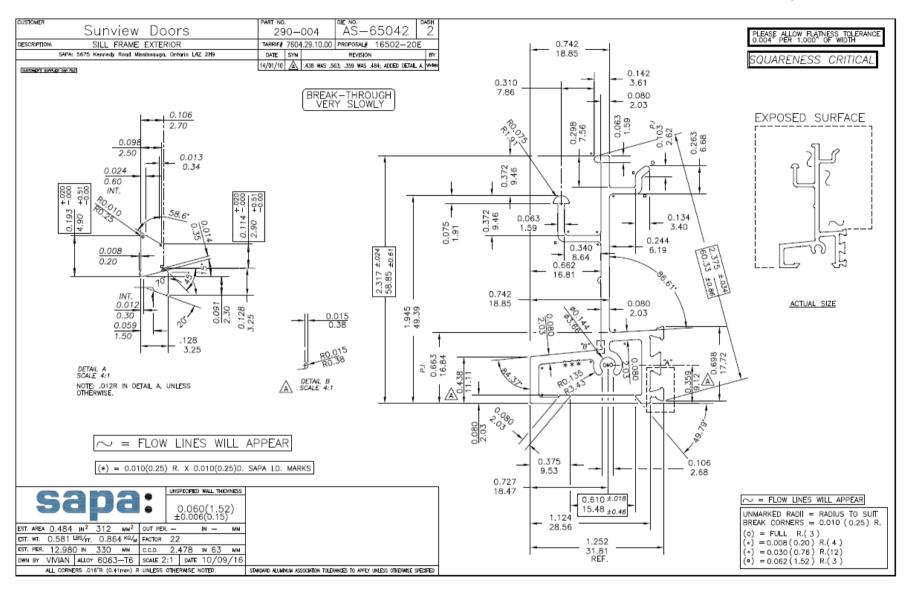


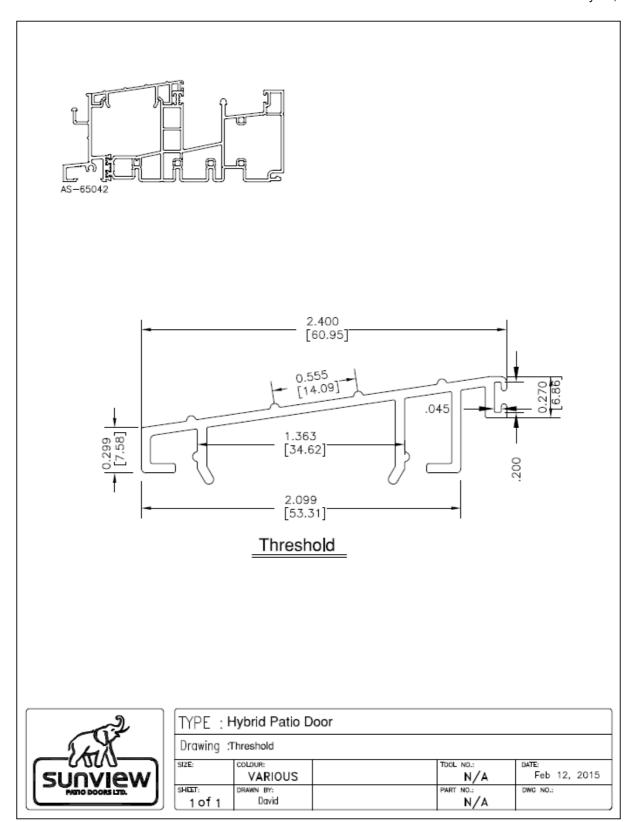


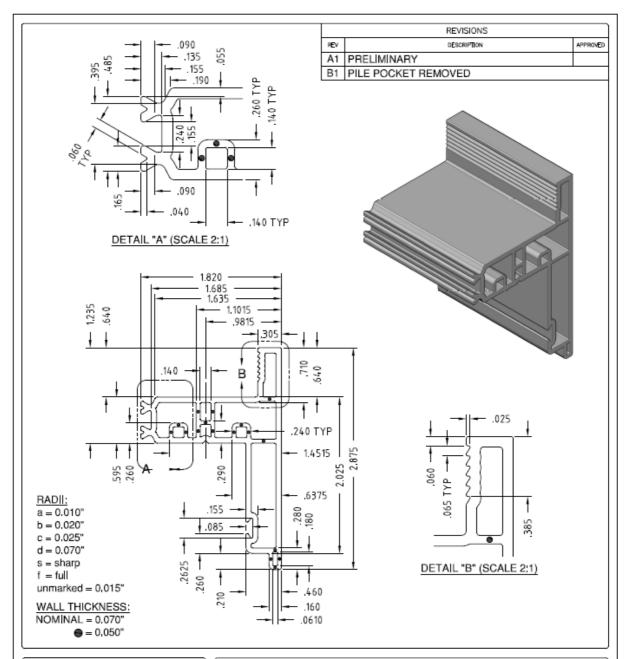
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-	X.XXXX ± 0.010 X.XXXX ± 0.005 PART:		10/000 0 1000 0						
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L	"A"	VA	RIOUS	RIGID	PVC	1.212	in	4550	24-10-2013
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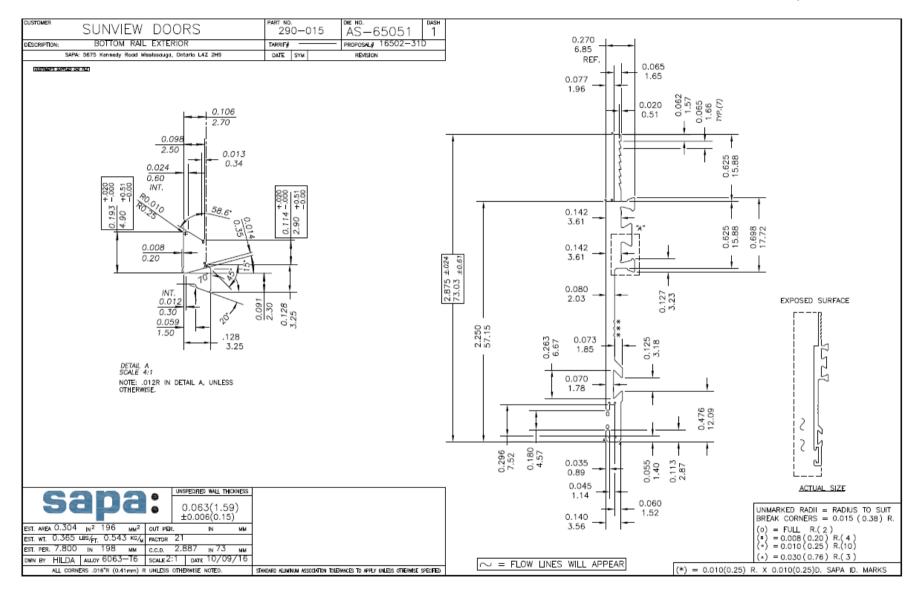


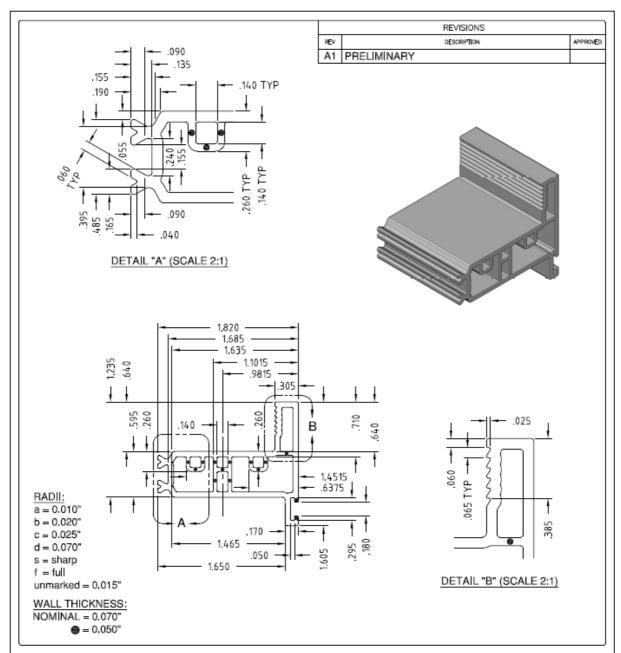






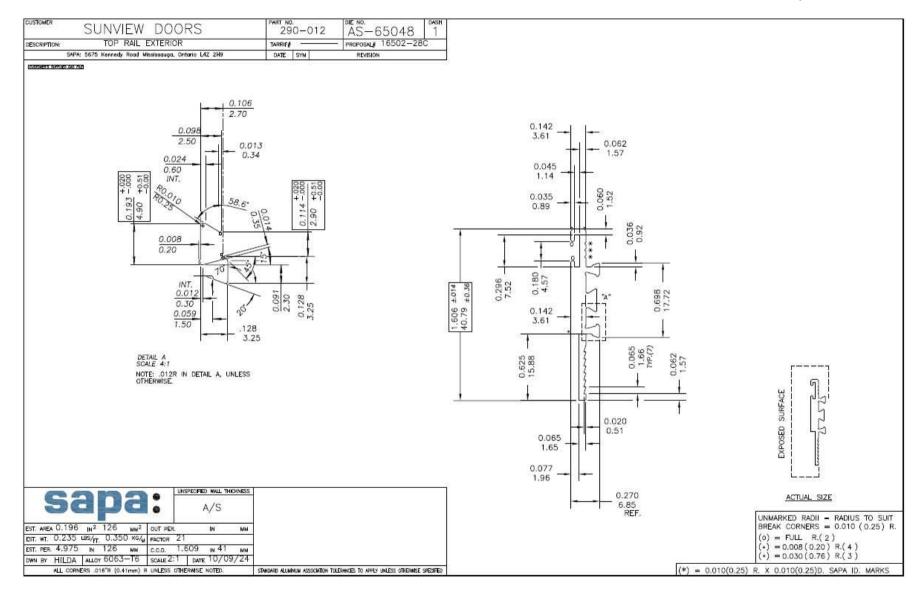
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X.XXX ± 0.0 X.XXXX ± 0 DO NOT SCALE I ALI INCOMENS ARE IN II	.005 PART:	HYBRID P	ATIO DOOR	– воттом	RAIL
SIZE: "A"	VARIOUS	RIGID PVC	0.780 in ²	TOOL NO.: 4552	03-05-2014
SHEET: 1 of 1	DRAWN BY: TC	SCALE: 1 : 1	VOLUME: 0.000	PART NO.: 4552	DWG NO.: E107H04

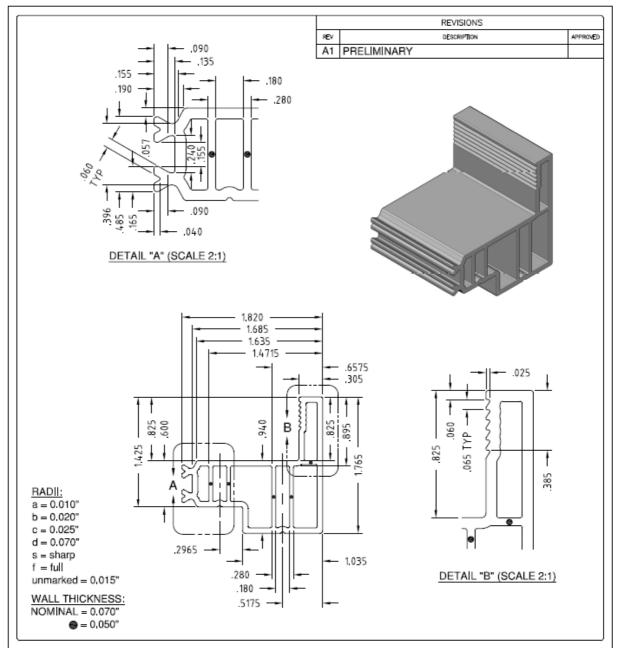






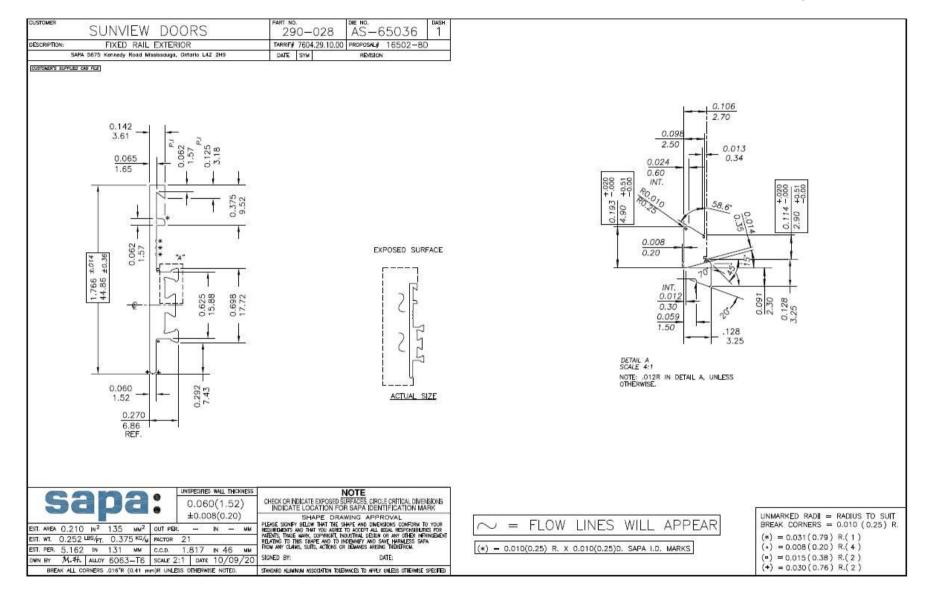
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			PART:	HY	BRID	PATIO	DOO	R - TOP	RAIL
	SIZE: "A"	COLDUR:	RIOUS	MATERIAL: RIGID	PVC	AREA: 0.564	in ²	TOOL NO.: 4553	23-10-2013
İ	SHEET:	DRAWN I	irr:	SCALE	4	VOLUME:	`	PART NO.:	DWG NO.:
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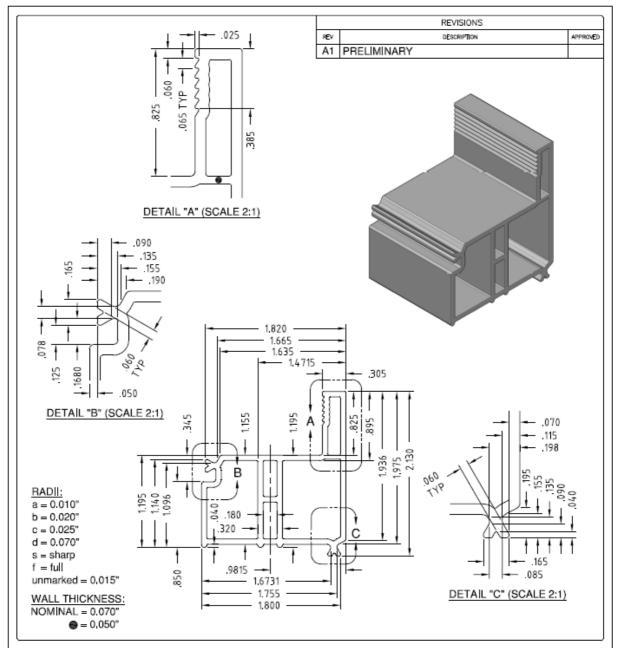






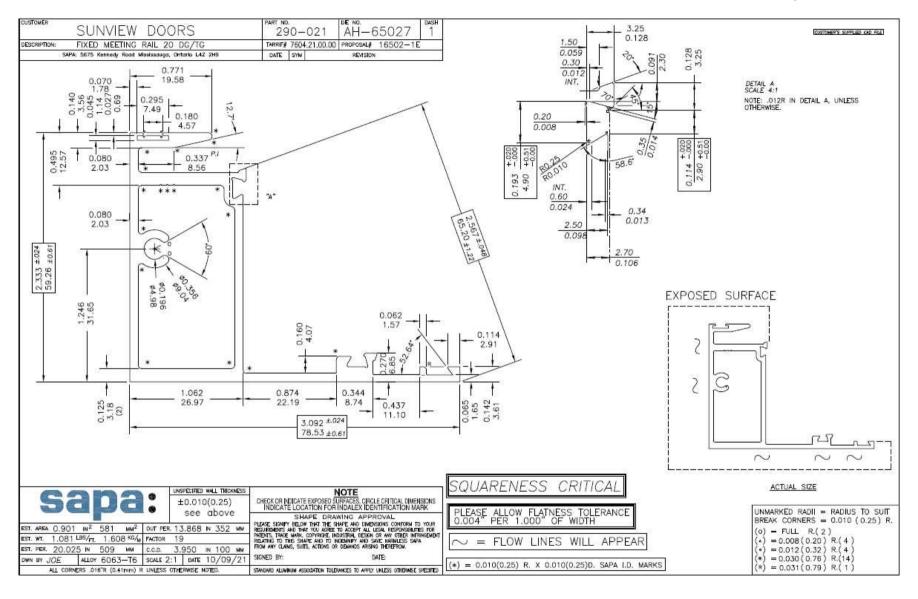
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X.XX ± 0.015 X.XXX ± 0.01		SUNVIEW PATIO DOORS					
X.XXXX ± 0.0 DO NOT SCALE DR	05 PART:	YBRID PATI	O DOOR -	FIXED PAN	EL SASH		
SIZE: "A"	VARIOUS	MATERIAL: RIGID PVC	0.625 in ²	TOOL NO.: 4554	DATE: 23-10-2013		
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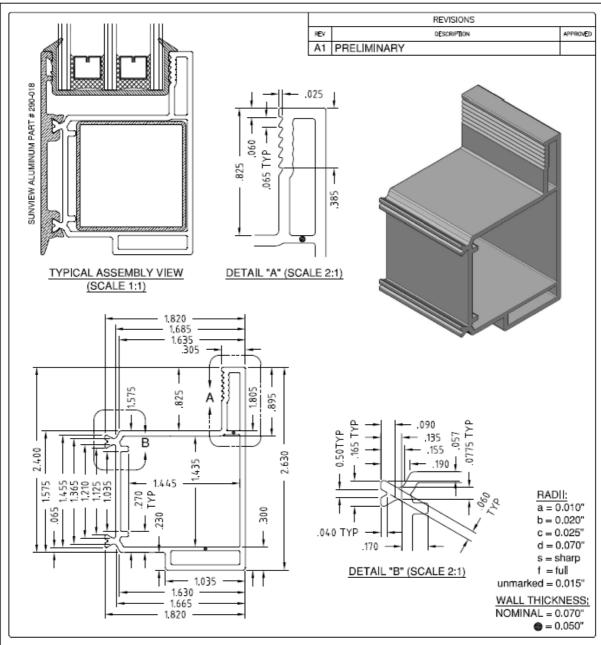






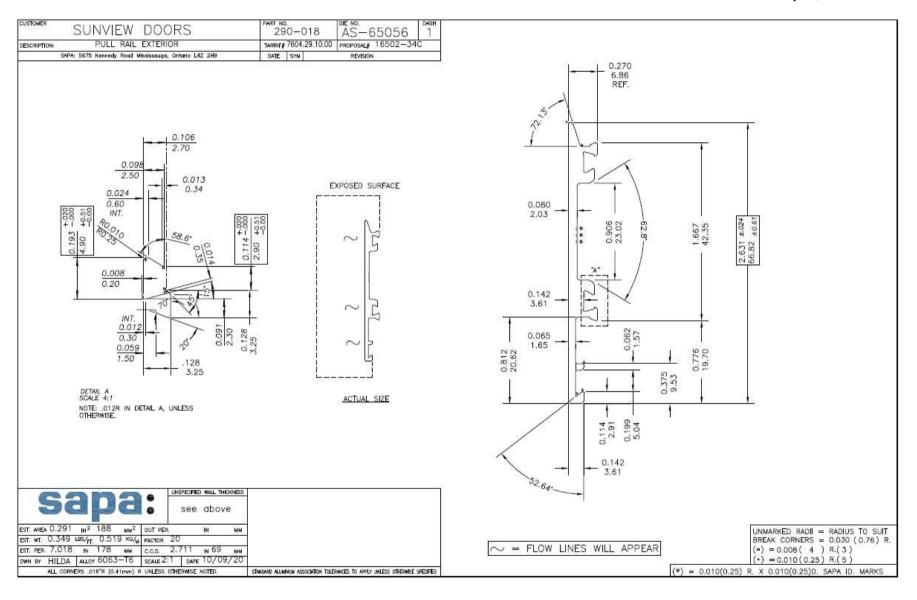
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X.XXXX ± 0. DO NOT SCALE D ALL DECISIONS AFE IN IN	005 PART:	RID PATIO	DOOR - FI	XED PANEL	INTERLOCK
SIZE: "A"	VARIOUS	RIGID PVC	0.716 in ²	TOOL NO.: 4555	23-10-2013
SHEET: 1 of 1	DRAWN BY: TC	SCALE 1 : 1	VOLUME: 0.000	PART NO.: 4555	DWG NO.: E107H07

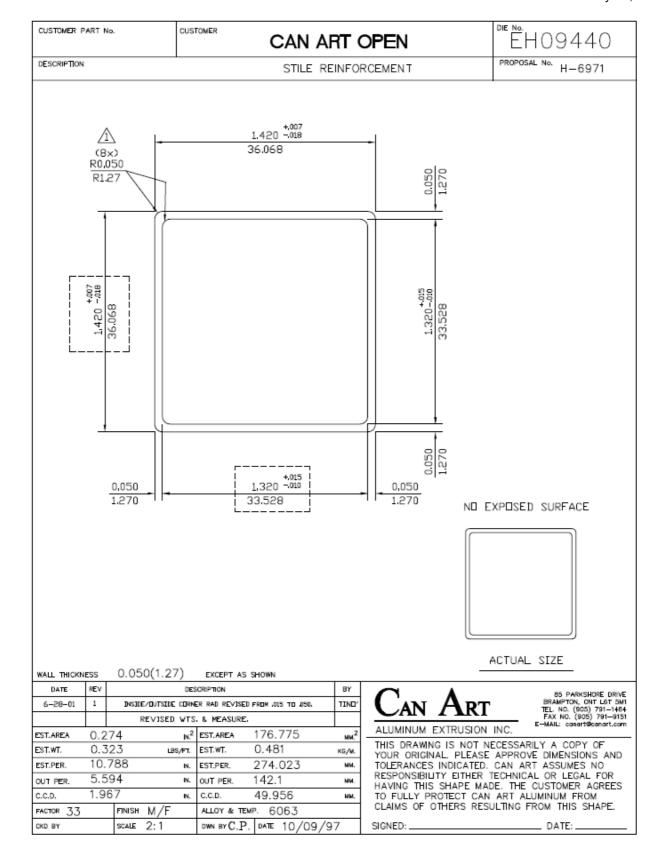


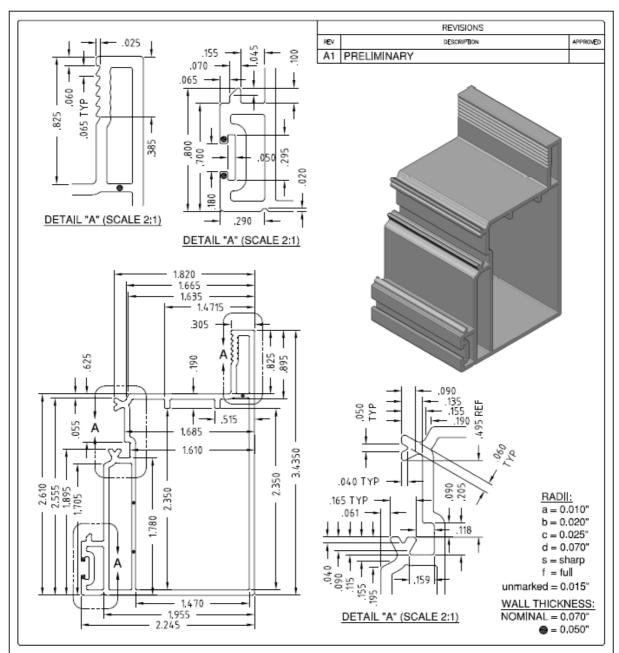




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ı	"A" COLOUR: VAR SHEET: DRAWN B			MATERIAL:	AREA: 2	TOOL NO.:	DATE:
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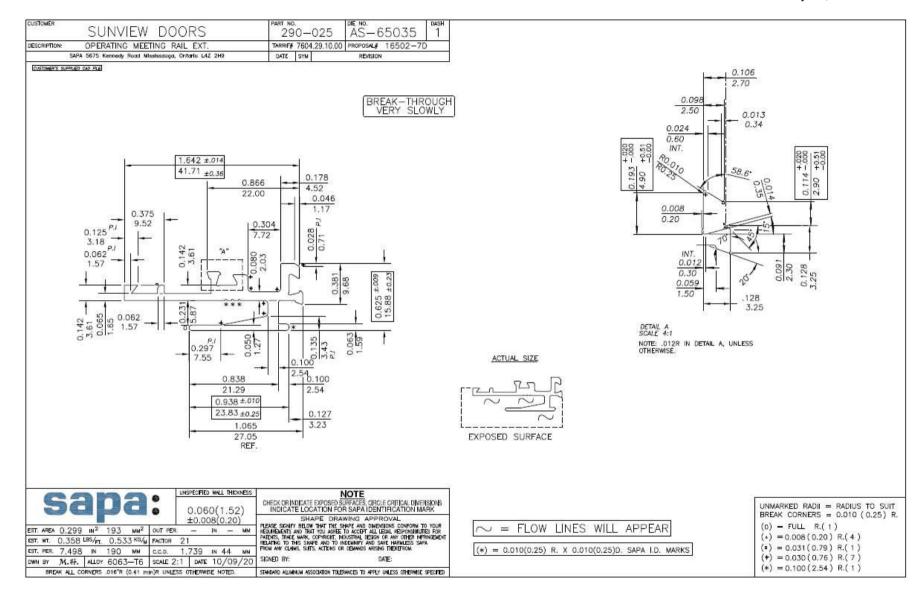


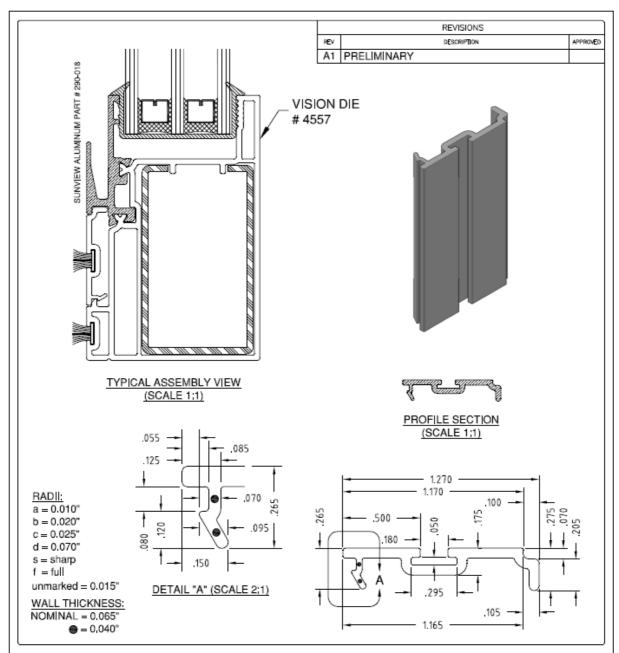






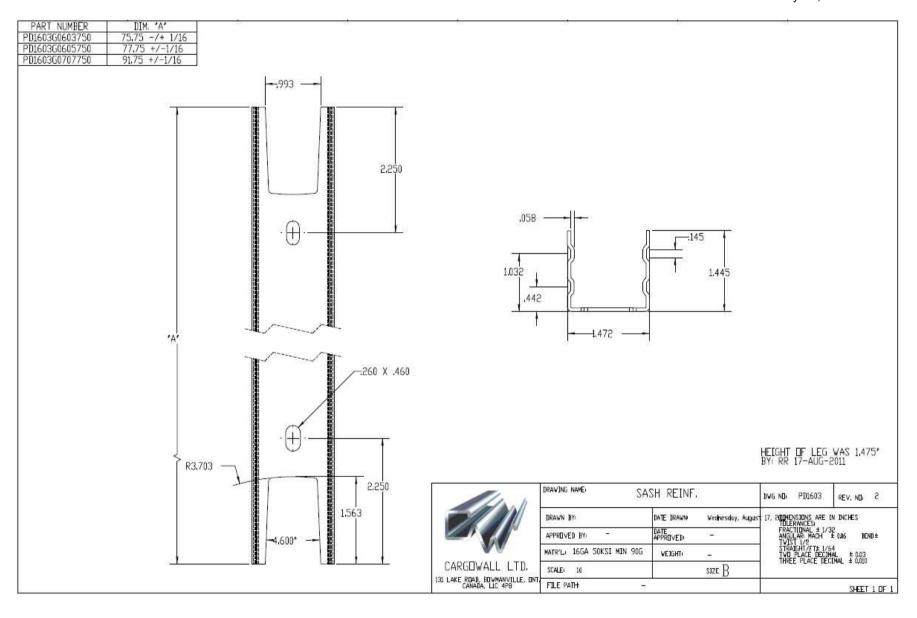
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ı	SHEET: DRAWN BY		RIOUS	RIGID PVC	0.978 in	4557	23-10-2013		
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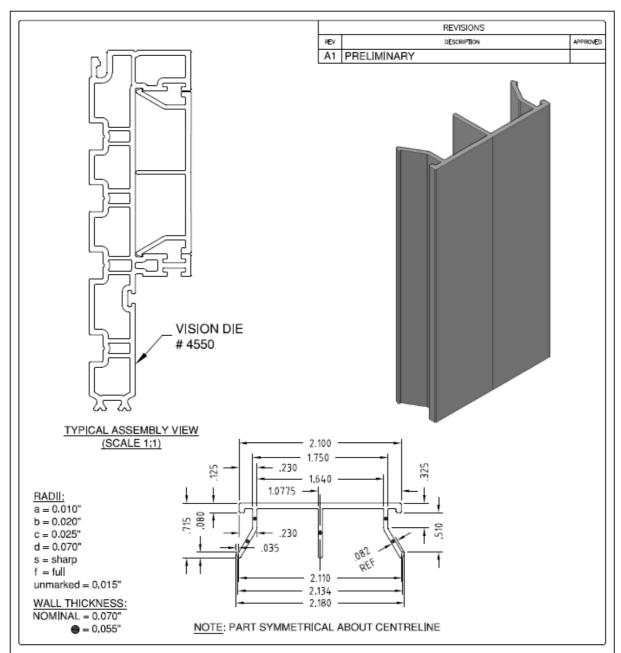






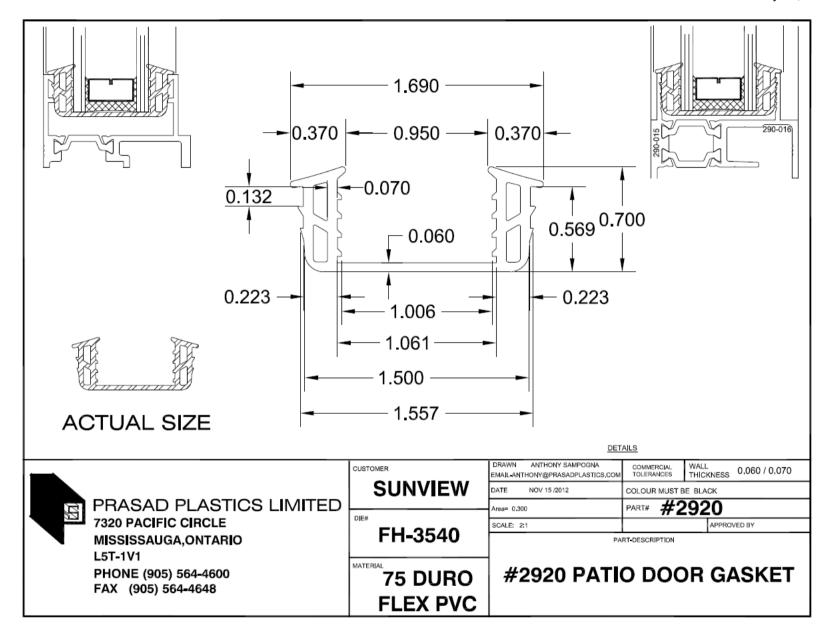
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9 Revision Page

Revision No.	Date	Changes	Author	Reviewer
0	February 27, 2015	First Issue	Allan Lawrence	Claudio Sacilotto

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